TAKEX GN SERIES

Photoelectric sensor with built-in amplifier

Instruction manual

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SPECIFICATION

		NPN model	GN-T10CR	GN-T7C	GN-M2CR	GN-R40CR	GN-R30C	GN-R7C	GN-Z3C	GN-Z3CR	
		PNP model	GN-T10CRPN	GN-T7CPN	GN-M2CRPN	GN-R40CRPN	GN-R30CPN	GN-R7CPN	GN-Z3CPN	GN-Z3CRPN	
Type	Connector	NPN model	GN-T10CR-J	GN-T7C-J	GN-M2CR-J	GN-R40CR-J	GN-R30C-J	GN-R7C-J	GN-Z3C-J	GN-Z3CR-J	
		PNP model	GN-T10CRPN-J	GN-T7CPN-J	GN-M2CRPN-J	GN-R40CRPN-J	GN-R30CPN-J	GN-R7CPN-J	GN-Z3CPN-J	GN-Z3CRPN-J	
Detection method		Through beam		Polarized retroreflective	Diffuse reflective		* *2	Converger	nt reflective		
Detecting distance		10 m	7 m	0.03 to 1.3m **1	400mm	300mm	70mm	1 to 40mm	3 to 30mm		
Detection object		ϕ 6mm (or more) Opaque		Glossy objects including mirror-like material and stainless -steel plates or Opaques	200×200mm 100×100mm 50×50mm white drawing paper white drawing		0.0111111				
Po	wer supp	ly	12 to 24VDC ±10% / Ripple 10% max.								
Current consumption		Transmitter: 22mA or less Receiver: 15mA or less 25mA or less									
Out	tout mode	NPN model	Rating sink current 100mA (30VDC or less), Residual voltage 1V (or less)								
	iput mode	PNP model	Rating source current 100mA (30VDC or less), Residual voltage 2V (or less)								
Op	Operation mode		Light ON / Dark ON selectable (with switch)								
Ant	Anti Interference feature		by filter (up to 2 units) ————————————————————————————————————								
Response time		ime	0.5 ms max.								
Operating angle		10° (at receiver) 30° (at reflector) ————									
_	Hysteresis			——————————————————————————————————————							
Ligh	Light source (wavelength) Indicator		, , ,								
Ind			Transmitter : Power indicator (orange LED) Receiver : Operation indicator (orange LED) Stability indicator (green LED) Stability indicator (green LED)								
Volume			Sensitivity adjustment (on receiver for through beam type)								
Switch			Light ON / Dark ON selector switch								
Short circuit protection		protection	Provided for control output and stability output								
Ма	terial	Case	Polybutylene terephthalate								
		Lens	Methacrylate								
Con	nection	Attached cable	Attached cable (outer dimension: dia 3.5) Transmitter 0.2mm² × 2 core 2m length (gray) Receiver 0.2mm² × 3 core 2m length (black) Attached cable (outer dimension: dia.3.5) 0.2mm² × 3 core 2m length (black)								
	C	Connector	ctor M8 connector (cord with M8 connector separately available)								
Wa	eight At	tached cable	Transmitter/receiver: approx. 60g Approx. 60g								
we	'igiit C	Connector	Transmitter/recei	ver : approx. 10g			Appro	x. 10g			
Accessory		K-71 reflector Screwdriver for sensitiivty adjustment, operation manual, mounting bracket GN-B1 (provided for permanently attached cord type only)									

- The detecting distance and detection object of retroreflective types varies, depending on reflector types combined with the sensor. The detecting distance is the range which you can set for the reflector. The sensor can detect an object even in extremely short range.

 *2 The detecting distance of diffuse reflective type varies, depending on transmittance of the detection object. Please be sure to check the detection beforehand.

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATION

Ambient light

5,000 l x max.

Ambient temperature

−25 to +55°C (non-freezing) Storage -30 to +70℃

Ambient humidity

35 to 85%RH (non-condensing)

Protective structure

I P67

Vibration

10 to 55Hz / 1.5mm amplitude / 2 hours each in 3 direction

Dielectric strength

AC1000V 1 min.

Insulation resistance

500VDC, $20M\Omega$ or higher

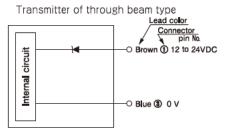
Shock

500m/s2/3 times each in 3 directions

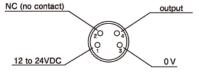
FOR CONNECTOR SENSOR

- J: quick disconnect type receptacle cable is optional Straight type: FBC-4R2S · L angle type: FBC-4R2L

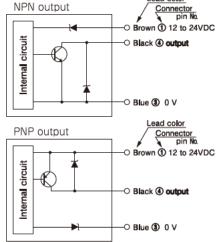
INPUT/OUTPUT CIRCUIT AND CONNECTION



(connector pin No.)



 For transmitter of through beam type Pin No. 1 and 3 only.

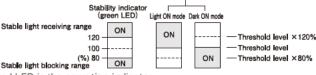


Lead color

- The output transistor turns off when load short circuit or overload occurs.
- Check the load and turn the power back on.

INDICATOR

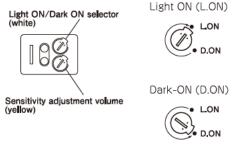
- The operation indicator (orange LED) and the stability indicator (green LED) show the levels
 of received light intensity as described in the figure.
- After aligning the optical axis and adjusting the sensitivity, use a detection object to block and unblock the light beam several times to make sure that the both activation and deactivation are occurred within the stable light receiving range and the stable light blocking range.



The red LED is the operation indicator.

In the Light ON mode, it turns on when the sensor receives light. In the Dark ON mode, it turns on when the sensor receives no light.

OPERATING MODE



(Be sure to use the attached driver. Turning the volumes with excessive force may damage the volumes.)

ADJUSTMENT

Through beam Type

(Light ON Condition)

- Install the transmitter and the receiver linearly.
 By swinging the transmitter vertically and horizontally, find the range where the stability indicator (green LED) turns on while the operation indicator (orange LED) turns on, then direct the sensor in the center of the range.
 Adjust the position of the receiver in the same way.
- Set the sensitivity volume to the max while the alignment.
- Reduce the sensitivity when theve's an unwanted reflection from adjacent floor or wall.
- O Pinhole plate (option)

Pinhole plate reduces the size of activation area and detection objects.

Fine or nearly transparent objects may be detected by using the sensitivity adjustment together.

 The following pinhole masks are prepared as an option. (optional)

T)	ype	Model	Diameter of pinhole mask	Detecting distance Red LED type Infrared LED type		
슬	plate	GNP1	Φ1 mm	400mm	300mm	
0 90	pinhole pl	GNP2	Φ2mm	1 m	1 m	
Ϋ́		GNP3	Φ3mm	3 m	2.5 m	
earr		GNP5-1	5×1mm	2m	1.7m	
유	a) Her	Model	Polarization			
Through beam type only	Interference prevention filter	GN-PFA	Vertical	5 m (For use only		
	Inte	GN-PFB	Horizontal	red LED)		

(Detecting distance when mounted on both transmitters and receivers.)

Diffuse and Convergent reflective Type

* When any light reflecting object is in the background.

(Adjustment for Light ON mode)

- Place a detection object at a given position and turn up the Sensitivity adjustment volume from MIN until the Operation indicator (orange LED) turns on (Point A).
- ② Remove the object and turn down the Sensitivity adjustment volume from MAX until the Operation indicator turns off (Point B). (MAX is regarded as Point B if the Operation indicator doesn't turn on at MAX.)
- 3 Set the volume at the middle point between Points A and B.







- * When no light reflecting object is in the background.
- ① Place a detection object at a given position and turn up the Sensitivity adjustment volume from MIN until the Operation idicator (orange LED) turns on (Point A).
- ② Set the volume at the middle point between Point A and MAX. Make sure both the Operation indicator and the Stability indicator (green LED) turn on when the detection object is placed at the given position.



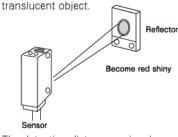


(Light ON Condition)

① Arrange the sensor in line with the reflector. Face the sensor to the mirror and swing it vertically and horizontally. Install the sensor in the center of the area where the operation indicator (orange) turns on. Taking advantage of the red light spot on the reflector seen from the behind the sensor allows easy setting. Then make sure the Stability indicator (green LED) turns on. Transparent objects may be detected by lowering the sensitivity.

Polarized retro reflective Type

- ② Set the sensitivity adjustment volume at the max for operation.
- 3 Adjust the sensitivity when detecting a translucent object



** The detecting distance varies depending on the reflector types combined with the sensor.

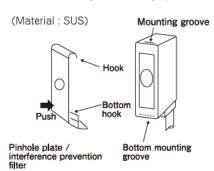
Reflector Type	K-71	K-7	S-25	S-510G
Range	0.03 to 1.3m	0.01 to 2m	50 to 600mm	0.05 to 1m
Notes	Accessory	Optional	Optional	Optional

HOW TO MOUNT

(common for pinhole plate and interference prevention filter)

Put a hook of the plate on the mounting groove at the top of the sensor and press the bottom of the plate in until it clicks.

 Dust, drops of water, etc. in the pinhole or the filter may cause faulty operation.



NOTES

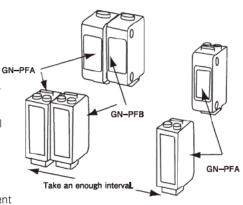
(Do not use the pinhole plate and the interference immune filter at the same time.

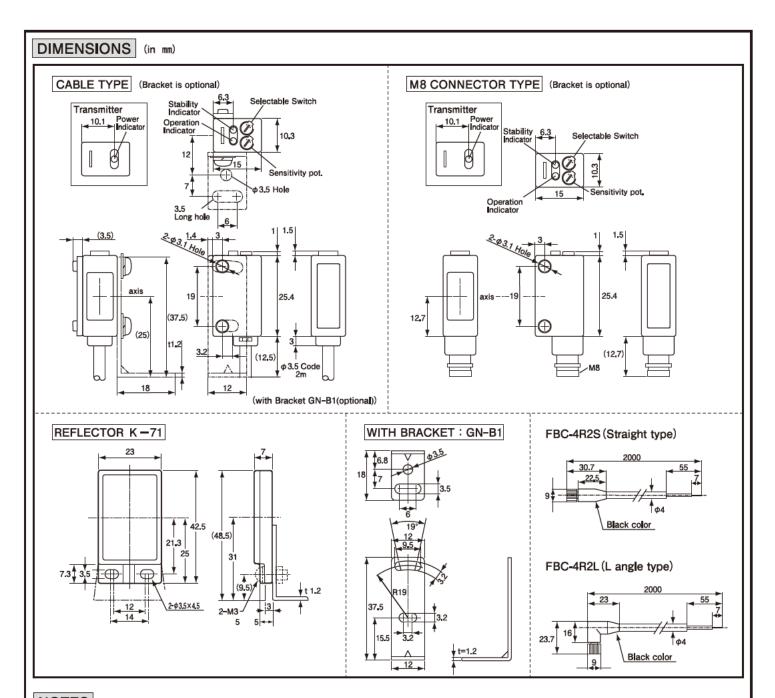
Pinhole plate

 Use appropriate model according to the detecting distance. Make an accurate light axis alignment.

Interference prevention filters

- Interference prevention filter doesn't work for infrared type models.
- Interference immune filters (GN-PFA/ GN-PFB) are filters with longitudinal and transverse polarization respectively. Use each set of the filter for respective pair of sensors.
- Interference immune filters prevent mutual interference in case that two through beam type sensors are installed side by side. In case of adding an extra sensor, install with enough distance from the existing sensors so that the sensor has no interference. Use a filter with a different polarity from the adjacent sensor.





NOTES

- Clean the lens by a soft and dry cloth periodically. Stains or dirt stuck on the lens deteriorates the performance. Do not use organic solvent including alcohol and thinner.
- Avoid turning the power on and off consecutively.
- Though this sensor has IP 67 rated housing, do not use the sensor where water is splashing constantly or under the water.
- Be sure to route the sensor cables separate from any power transmission or high voltage line, or else use shielded cables.
 Using the same conduit or duct as high voltage or power lines will cause malfunctions or damage because of electromagnetic induction.
- When using a switching regulator, be sure to ground the frame ground (FG) terminal.
- High frequency fluorescent lamps or inverters may cause faulty operation as these equipment may emit light or noise of similar modulated frequency that photo sensors generate. Do not install the sensor in the vicinity of high frequency equipment.
- The sensor requires a warming up time. Operation during the period may not be stabilized.
- When extending the cables, use conduction of 0.3mm² cross sectional area or more and check the voltage drop.
- Use the attached screw driver to turn the volumes. Turning the volumes with excessive force may damage the volumes.
- \bullet Use the attached screw to fix the sensor and tighten it with a torque of 0.3N·m or less.
- Limit the current of the power supply to 2A.
- The guarantee period of this product is one year after the delivery.
- If any defect is found during the guarantee period, Takenaka will repair or replace the defective product.
- This product is an industrial sensor which issues an output upon detecting an object. It does not have any function to prevent accidents, death or injuries.
- Takenaka will not held responsible for any damage or loss incurred due to accidents, faulty installation, abuse, misuse, improper maintenance or acts
 of God including lightning surge.