

OUTLINE

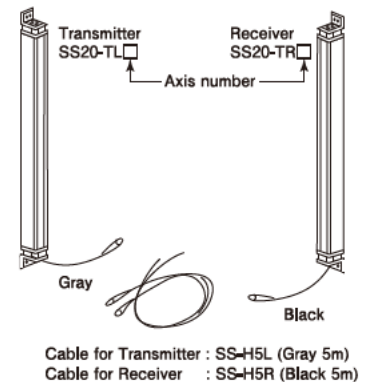
- This sensor is a through beam type light curtain sensor with a 20mm optical pitch and detects opaque objects 32mm or more in diameter.
- This product can't be used as a safety sensor to protect human body.
- This product has no function to prevent disasters, accidents, death or injuries and doesn't comply with any standard or regulation for industrial safety.
- Takex PSG series is a safety sensor for power press machine certified upon Japanese standard.

SPECIFICATIONS

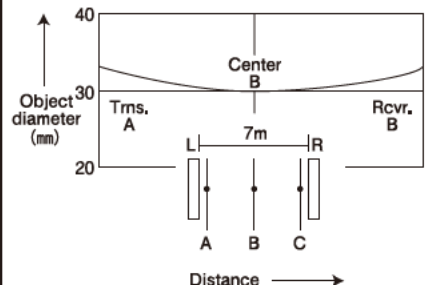


Model	NPN Output	SS20-T8	SS20-T12	SS20-T16	SS20-T20	SS20-T24	SS20-T28	SS20-T32	SS20-T40	SS20-T44	SS20-T48
	PNP Output	SS20-T8-PN	SS20-T12-PN	SS20-T16-PN	SS20-T20-PN	SS20-T24-PN	SS20-T28-PN	SS20-T32-PN	SS20-T40-PN	——	SS20-T48-PN
Detection method	Through beam										
Detecting distance	7m or less										
Detection object	φ32mm (Min.) Opaque object (Refer to the chart below right)										
No. of optical axis	8 12 16 20 24 28 32 40 44 48										
Detecting width	140mm 220mm 300mm 380mm 460mm 540mm 620mm 780mm 860mm 940mm										
Optical axis interval	20mm										
Power supply	12 to 24 VDC ±10%, Ripple 10% or less										
Current consumption	70mA or less 80mA or less 90mA or less 100mA or less 110mA or less 120mA or less 130mA or less 150mA or less 160mA or less 170mA or less										
Output mode	NPN Output	NPN Open collector Current Output : Sink current 100mA or less, 30 VDC or less									
	PNP Output	PNP Open collector Current Output : Source current 100mA or less, 30 VDC or less									
Operating mode	A/O mode selectable, Mode A : The output transistor turns on when beams of all optical axes are received. Deactivated when beam of any optical axis is blocked. Mode O : The output transistor turns on when beams of any optical axis is received. Deactivated when beam of all optical axes are blocked.										
Response time	15ms or less										
Light source	Infrared LED (Wave length 950nm)										
Sensing device	Photo-diode										
LED Indicator	Transmitter : Power indicator (Green LED), M/S indicator (Red LED) Receiver : Operation indicator (Red LED), Stability indicator (Green LED)										
Switch	Trns. : Built-in M/S operation selectable switch (M side---Master operation, S side---Sleeve operation)---Lid on the back side Rcvr. : Built-in A/O operation selectable switch (A side---ON operation when all light axis lights on, O side ON operation when one light axis lights on)---Lid on the back side										
Incidental Function	Built-in Output short circuit protection, discontinuity of transfer line protection and function preventing interference when installing in parallel.										
Material	Case : Aluminum, Front cover and lends : Acrylic										
Connection	Connector 0.5mm ² ×4, Outer dia.φ6.8, 0.2m length, with 4 pins in the connector										
Weight	Transmitter	Approx 250g	Approx 300g	Approx 350g	Approx 400g	Approx 450g	Approx 500g	Approx 600g	Approx 700g	Approx 750g	Approx 800g
	Receiver	Approx 250g	Approx 300g	Approx 350g	Approx 400g	Approx 450g	Approx 500g	Approx 600g	Approx 700g	Approx 750g	Approx 800g
Ambient light	9,000 lx or less										
Ambient temperature	-10 to +55°C (non-freezing)										
Ambient humidity	35 to 85%RH (non-condensing)										
Protective structure	I P 66 (IEC)										
Vibration	10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm Double amplitude 2Hr., 3 Directions										

MODEL DESCRIPTION

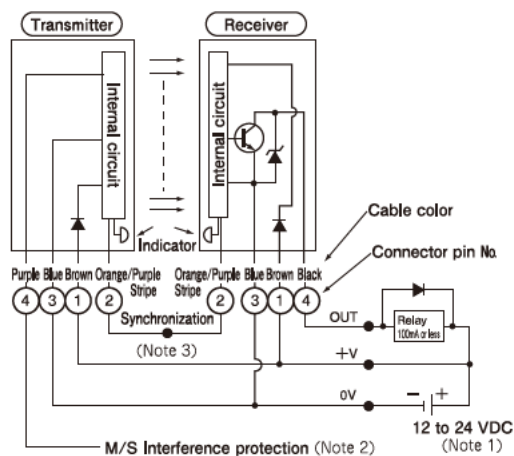


MINIMUM OBJECT DIAMETER

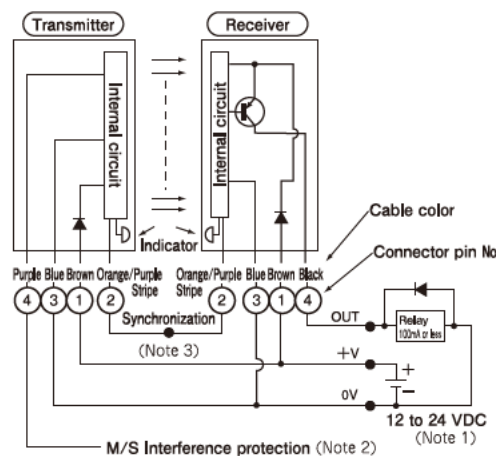


WIRING

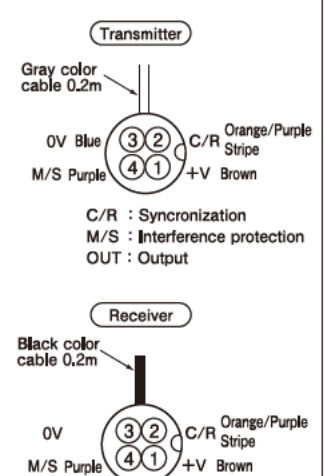
● NPN output



● PNP output



● Connector Pin. No.



- If a load short circuit or overload occurs, the output turns off. Check the load before restoring the power.
- Insulate the purple cable (Master/Slave for interference prevention) when the Interference Prevention Function is not used.

Note 1 : When using separate power units for the transmitter and the receiver, common the ground (0V) between the power units.
Note 2 : Insulate the purple cable (Master/Slave for interference prevention) when the Interference Prevention Function is not used.
Note 3 : Do not connect the orange/purple stripe cable (Synchronization) or purple cable with 0V.

OPERATION MODE SWITCH

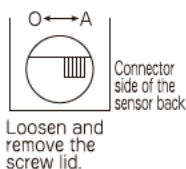
The Operation Mode Switch is located under the screw lid on the bottom back of the sensor unit.

◆ Mode A is a factory setting.

Mode A : The output transistor turns on when beams of all optical axes are received. Deactivated when beam of any optical axis is blocked.

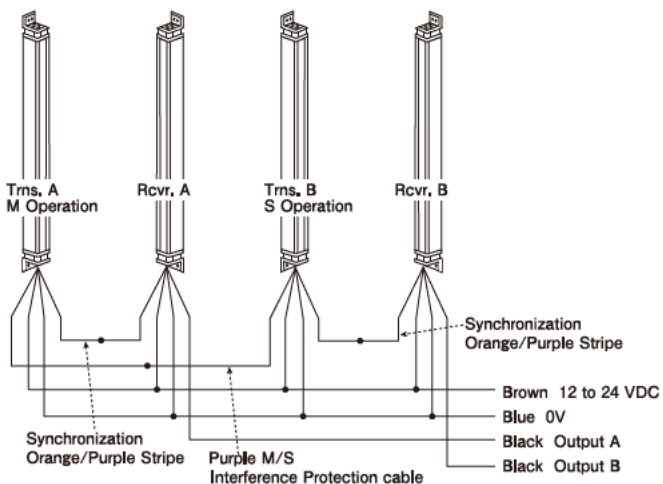
Mode O : The output transistor turns on when beams of any optical axis is received. Deactivated when beam of all optical axes are blocked.

Operation Mode Switch

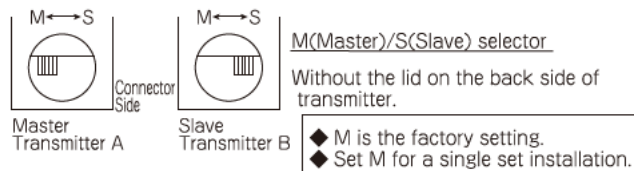


MUTUAL INTERFERENCE PREVENTION

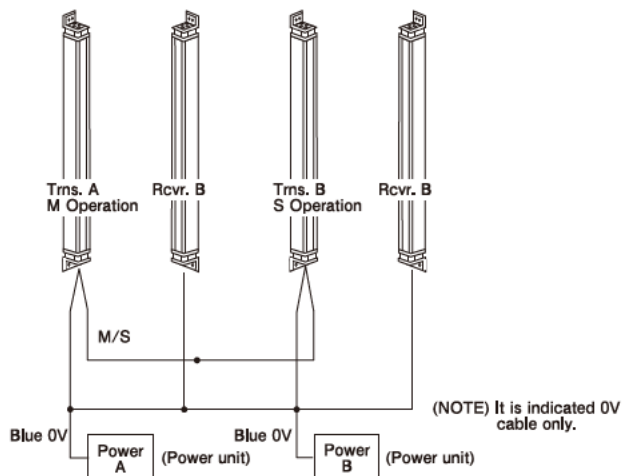
- See below for the connection when 2 sets are installed adjacently.
 - Connect the purple cables (Master/Slave for Interference Prevention) of the transmitter A and B.
 - Connect the blue cables (0V) of the all units (Transmitters A and B, and Receivers A and B) to the ground.



- Loosen and remove the screw lid for M/S selector and set one (here the transmitter A) for M (Master) and the other (the transmitter B) for S (Slave).

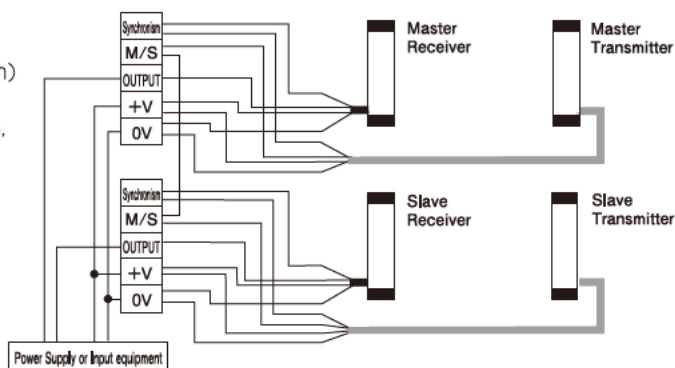


- When using separate power units for the transmitter and the receiver, connect ground terminals of the power units and the blue cables (0V).



- Confirm the M(Master)/S(Slave) indicator on the transmitter after supplying the power.
 - Transmitter A (Master) : M/S indicator turns on.
 - Transmitter B (Slave) : M/S indicator turns off.
- Notice of wiring

0V is commonly used for the Synchronization and the Mutual Interference Prevention. Malfunction like chattering may occur when the length of 0V cable and that of Synchronization and Mutual Interference Prevention cables are extremely different.



- ◆ Refer to [Cable Extension](#) for the cable length.
- ◆ The Synchronization cable should connect a pair of the transmitter and the receiver. Do not connect the Synchronization cables of a different pair. (Here do not connect between sensor A and sensor B.)
- ◆ Insulate the purple cable (Master/Slave for interference prevention) when the Interference Prevention Function is not used.

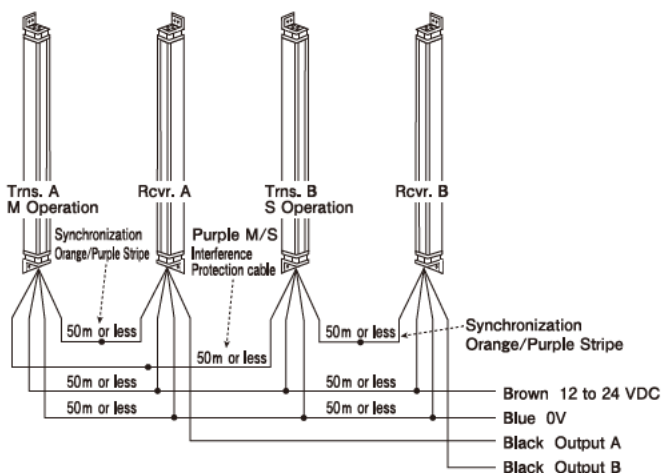
CABLE EXTENSION

When extending the wire, use 0.5mm² cable or more. Each cable should be no longer than 50m.

- Synchronization cable (orange/purple stripe)

The total length of the cable between the transmitter and the receiver should be 50m or less.
- M/S Mutual Interference Prevention cable (purple)

The total length of the cable between the two transmitters should be 50m or less.



INSTALLATION AND ALIGNMENT


This sensor has a bracket providing four different mounting positions.

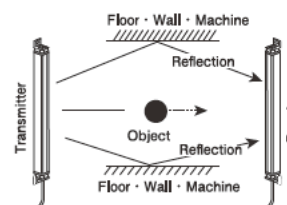
The bracket is fixed by 2 screws on the both ends of the sensor.

Loosen the screws and re-fit the bracket to change the position.

Tighten the screws with a torque of 0.8N·m or less.

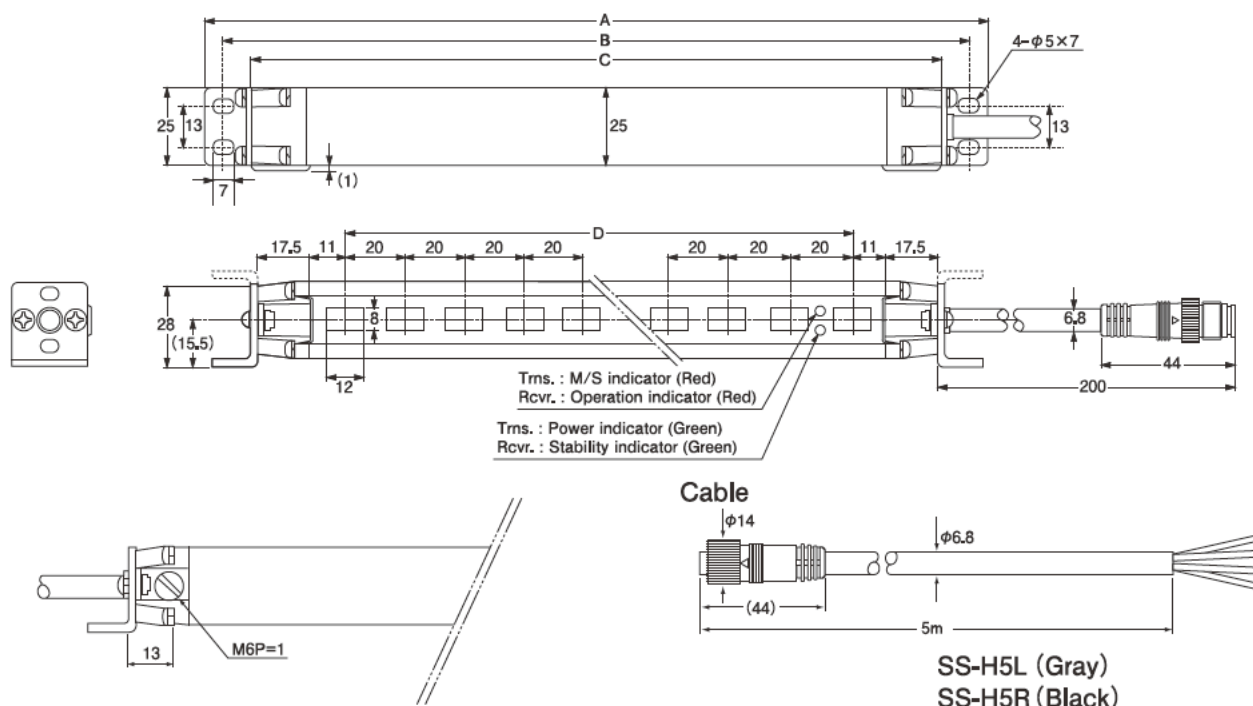
1. Align the cable outlet of the transmitter and the receiver in the same direction.
2. Install the transmitter and the receiver face to face.
3. Check the wiring connections.
4. Turn on the power and confirm the Power Indicator on the transmitter turns on.
5. Swing the receiver right and left and fix at the center of the direction where the Stability Indicator of the receiver turns on.

6. Move up and down the receiver and fix at the center of the range where the Stability Indicator turns on.
7. Block the light beams and confirm the output is issued correctly. If there is a reflecting structure such as a wall, floor or machine close to the detecting range of the sensor, light beam may go around the detection object by reflection and the whole beams may not be blocked. Carefully check the operation.
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DIMENSIONS

(in mm)



Indicator operation

	Appellation	Color	Contents
Transmitter	Power Indicator	Green	Turns on when switching on power supply.
	M/S Indicator	Red	Turns on when operating as a Master. Turns off when operating as a Slave.
Receiver	Stability Indicator	Green	Turns on when the received light quantity is higher than the operation level. (120%)
	Operation Indicator	Red	Turns on when the transistor outputs. A mode : The transistor outputs when beams of all axes are received. O mode : The transistor outputs when beams of any optical axis is received.

Model selection

(in mm)

MODEL		A	B	C	D	optical axis
NPN output	PNP output					
SS20-T8	SS20-T8-PN	227	215	197	140	8
SS20-T12	SS20-T12-PN	307	295	277	220	12
SS20-T16	SS20-T16-PN	387	375	357	300	16
SS20-T20	SS20-T20-PN	467	455	437	380	20
SS20-T24	SS20-T24-PN	547	535	517	460	24
SS20-T28	SS20-T28-PN	627	615	597	540	28
SS20-T32	SS20-T32-PN	707	695	677	620	32
SS20-T40	SS20-T40-PN	867	855	837	780	40
SS20-T44	—	947	935	917	860	44
SS20-T48	SS20-T48-PN	1027	1015	997	940	48

NOTE

- Use a shielded cable to connect the Synchronization cables (orange/purple stripe) when using a same conduit for wiring of the Master and Slave units.
- Be sure to route the sensor wires separate from any power transmission or high voltage line. Use a same conduit or duct with high-voltage or power lines will cause malfunction or damage by induction.
- When using a DC power unit with an insulated transformer or a switching regulator, be sure to ground the frame ground (FG) terminal.
- Do not apply strong force to turn the switches.
- Do not use the sensor where water is splashing constantly, or under high humidity or dusty circumstances.
- Use UL class 2 power supply when using this product as MET approved equipment. Limit the current of the power supply (5A) in accordance with the size of the sensor cable.

- The guarantee period of this product is one year after the delivery.
- If any defect is found during the guarantee period, Takenaka will repair or replace the defective product.
- This product is an industrial sensor which issues an output upon detecting an object. It does not have any function to prevent accidents, death or injuries.
- Takenaka will not be held responsible for any damage or loss incurred due to accidents, faulty installation, abuse, misuse, improper maintenance or acts of God including lightning surge.